

**Fall 2011**

4. Evaluate  $\int_1^{e^3} \frac{\ln x}{\sqrt[3]{x^2}} dx$ .

- (A)  $3e - 9$  (B)  $3e^2 - 9$  (C)  $9e^2 - 3$  (D)  $3e^2$  (E)  $9e^2$  (F)  $9$  (G)  $9e - 3$  (H)  $3e$

**Spring 2011**

5. Evaluate  $\int_0^{\pi/2} x \sin(2x) dx$ .

- (a)  $\pi/4$       (b)  $\pi/3$       (c)  $\pi/2$       (d)  $\pi$       (e)  $2\pi$       (f)  $3\pi$

**Fall 2010**

1. Find the area bounded by the  $y$ -axis, the graph of  $y = e^x$  and the graph of  $y = xe^x$ .

- (A) 1   (B) 2   (C)  $e - 2$    (D)  $e$    (E)  $e + 2$    (F)  $2e$    (G)  $e^2 - e$    (H)  $3e - 2$

**Spring 2010**

5. Evaluate  $\int_0^{\pi/2} x^2 \sin x \, dx$ .

- (a)  $\pi/4$    (b)  $-1$    (c)  $\pi - 2$    (d)  $\ln(\pi/2)$    (e)  $\pi - e$    (f)  $1.14$

Fall 2007

1. Find the average value of the function  $f(x) = x \cos(2x)$  on the interval  $0 \leq x \leq \frac{\pi}{4}$ .

- a)  $\frac{1}{2\pi}$       b)  $\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{\pi}$       c)  $\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2\pi}$       d)  $1 - \frac{1}{\pi}$       e)  $\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{2\pi}$       f)  $\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{\pi}$

**Fall 2007**

8. Find the volume of the solid of revolution obtained by revolving the region between the graph of  $y = e^{\sqrt{x}}$  and the  $x$ -axis for  $0 \leq x \leq 1$  around the  $x$ -axis.

a)  $\frac{\pi}{2}(e-1)$     b)  $\frac{\pi}{2}(e^2-1)$     c)  $\frac{\pi}{2}(e+1)$     d)  $\frac{\pi}{2}(e^2+1)$     e)  $\frac{\pi}{2}(e-3)$     f)  $\frac{\pi}{2}(e^2-3)$

**Fall 2004**

1. Evaluate  $\int_1^e x^2 \ln x \, dx$ .

- a) 0      b) 1      c)  $\ln 2 - 1$       d)  $\frac{2}{9}e^3 + \frac{1}{9}$       e)  $\frac{2}{9}e^2 + \frac{1}{3}$       f)  $\frac{1}{3}e^3 - 1$

Math 104 Rimmer  
Hand in Hw # 4

Name \_\_\_\_\_  
Rec. # \_\_\_\_\_

**ANSWERS:**

**FALL 2011 # 4: F**

**SPRING 2011 # 5: A**

**FALL 2010 # 1: C**

**SPRING 2010 # 5: C**

**FALL 2007 # 1: B**

**FALL 2007 # 8: D**

**FALL 2004 # 1: D**