Answer the following questions. Show all work. Each questions is worth 7 points.

Simplify. Give an answer that has all positive exponents.

$$\left(\frac{x^3y^{-4}}{x^{-2}y^{-6}}\right)^{-3}$$

$$\left(\frac{25}{16}\right)^{-3/2}$$
 • $125^{4/3}$

3) Simplify

$$3[15-(11-4^2)] \div 6-40 \div \frac{(-4)^2}{5-7}-(-8)$$

Simplify

4)
$$5\sqrt{242} - 8\sqrt{98} + \frac{40}{\sqrt{8}}$$

Solve for *x*.

$$4+3[2-6(2-x)]-5x=3(x+8)$$

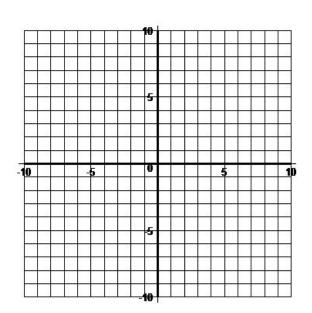
6)
$$x^2 - 6x = 40$$

7)
$$8x^2 + 12 = 35x$$

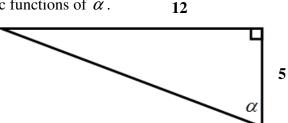
$$y^2 + 14y + 47 = 0$$

- 9) Find the equation of the line through (2,4) and (6,-2)
- 10) Graph the line on the grid provided.

$$y = \frac{-4}{3}x + 8$$



10) Find the exact values of all six trigonometric functions of α .



11) Solve the trigonometric equation for x if $0 \le x \le 2\pi$.

$$\cos^2 x = \frac{3}{4}$$

12) Solve the trigonometric equation for x if $0 \le x \le 2\pi$.

$$\sin 2x - \cos x = 0$$

13) Evaluate the logarithm.

$$a. \log_3 243$$

b.
$$\log_{1/2} 16$$

14) Solve the equation.

$$a. \log(3x-5) = 2$$

$$b. \ 3^{4-2x} = \frac{1}{9}$$

15) Solve the system of equations. Give either the point of intersection or tell whether there is no solution or infinitely many solutions

$$3x - 5y = 3$$

$$-2x - 3y = 17$$